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What is "Embedded - Microcontrollers"?

"Embedded - Microcontrollers" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "<u>Embedded - Microcontrollers</u>"

Details	
Product Status	Active
Core Processor	ARM® Cortex®-M0+
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	48MHz
Connectivity	I ² C, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, POR, WDT
Number of I/O	38
Program Memory Size	64KB (64K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	8K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.62V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 14x12b; D/A 1x10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 105°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	48-VFQFN Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	48-QFN (7x7)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/atsamd20g16a-mnt

- Up to five 16-bit Timer/Counters (TC), configurable as either:
 - One 16-bit TC with two compare/capture channels
 - One 8-bit TC with two compare/capture channels
 - One 32-bit TC with two compare/capture channels, by using two TCs
- 32-bit Real Time Counter (RTC) with clock/calendar function
- Watchdog Timer (WDT)
- CRC-32 generator
- Up to six Serial Communication Interfaces (SERCOM), each configurable to operate as either:
 - USART with full-duplex and single-wire half-duplex configuration
 - Inter-Integrated Circuit (I²C) up to 400kHz
 - · Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI)
- One 12-bit, 350ksps Analog-to-Digital Converter (ADC) with up to 20 channels
 - · Differential and single-ended input
 - 1/2x to 16x programmable gain stage
 - Automatic offset and gain error compensation
 - Oversampling and decimation in hardware to support 13-, 14-, 15- or 16-bit resolution
- 10-bit, 350ksps Digital-to-Analog Converter (DAC)
- Two Analog Comparators (AC) with window compare function
- Peripheral Touch Controller (PTC)
 - 256-Channel capacitive touch and proximity sensing
- I/O
 - Up to 52 programmable I/O pins
- Packages
 - 64-pin TQFP, QFN
 - 64-ball UFBGA
 - 48-pin TQFP, QFN
 - 45-ball WLCSP
 - 32-pin TQFP, QFN
- Operating Voltage
 - 1.62V 3.63V
- Power Consumption
 - Down to 70µA/MHz in active mode
 - Down to 8µA running the Peripheral Touch Controller



Table of Contents

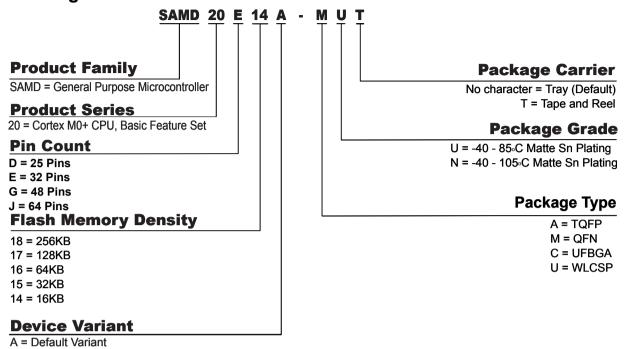
Int	roduc	ction	1			
Fe	ature	S	1			
1.	Des	cription	4			
2.	Con	figuration Summary	5			
3.	Orde	ering Information	6			
	3.1.	SAM D20E	6			
	3.2.	SAM D20G				
	3.3.	SAM D20J				
	3.4.	Device Identification	11			
4.	Bloc	k Diagram	13			
5.	Pinout					
	5.1.	SAM D20J	14			
	5.2.	SAM D20G				
	5.3.	SAM D20E	18			
6.	Prod	duct Mapping	19			
7.	Prod	cessor And Architecture	20			
	7.1.	Cortex M0+ Processor	20			
	7.2.	Nested Vector Interrupt Controller	21			
	7.3.	Micro Trace Buffer	23			
	7.4.	High-Speed Bus System	24			
	7.5.	AHB-APB Bridge	24			
	7.6.	PAC - Peripheral Access Controller				
	7.7.	Register Description	26			
8.	Pac	kaging Information	39			
	8.1.	Thermal Considerations	39			
	8.2.	Package Drawings	40			
	8.3.	Soldering Profile	50			

2. Configuration Summary

	SAM D20J	SAM D20G	SAM D20E
Pins	64	48	32
General Purpose I/O-pins (GPIOs)	52	38	26
Flash	256/128/64/32KB	256/128/64/32KB	256/128/64/32KB
SRAM	32/16/8/4/2KB	32/16/8/4/2KB	32/16/8/4/2KB
Timer Counter (TC) instances	8	6	6
Waveform output channels per TC instance	2	2	2
Serial Communication Interface (SERCOM) instances	6	6	4
Analog-to-Digital Converter (ADC) channels	20	14	10
Analog Comparators (AC)	2	2	2
Digital-to-Analog Converter (DAC) channels	1	1	1
Real-Time Counter (RTC)	Yes	Yes	Yes
RTC alarms	1	1	1
RTC compare values	One 32-bit value or	One 32-bit value or	One 32-bit value or
	two 16-bit values	two 16-bit values	two 16-bit values
External Interrupt lines	16	16	16
Peripheral Touch Controller (PTC) X and Y lines	16x16	12x10	10x6
Maximum CPU frequency	48MHz		
Packages	QFN	QFN	QFN
	TQFP	TQFP	TQFP
	UFBGA	WLCSP	
Oscillators	32.768kHz crystal o	scillator (XOSC32K)	
	0.4-32MHz crystal c	scillator (XOSC)	
	32.768kHz internal	oscillator (OSC32K)	
	32KHz ultra-low-pov	wer internal oscillator	(OSCULP32K)
	8MHz high-accuracy	y internal oscillator (C	DSC8M)
	48MHz Digital Frequ	uency Locked Loop (DFLL48M)
Event System channels	8	8	8
SW Debug Interface	Yes	Yes	Yes
Watchdog Timer (WDT)	Yes	Yes	Yes



3. Ordering Information



3.1. SAM D20E

Ordering Code	FLASH (bytes)	SRAM (bytes)	Package	Carrier Type
ATSAMD20E14A-AU	16K	2K	TQFP32	Tray
ATSAMD20E14A-AUT				Tape & Reel
ATSAMD20E14A-AN				Tray
ATSAMD20E14A-ANT				Tape & Reel
ATSAMD20E14A-MU			QFN32	Tray
ATSAMD20E14A-MUT				Tape & Reel
ATSAMD20E14A-MN				Tray
ATSAMD20E14A-MNT				Tape & Reel



Ordering Code	FLASH (bytes)	SRAM (bytes)	Package	Carrier Type
ATSAMD20G17A-AU	128K	16K	TQFP48	Tray
ATSAMD20G17A-AUT			Tape & Reel	
ATSAMD20G17A-AN				Tray
ATSAMD20G17A-ANT				Tape & Reel
ATSAMD20G17A-MU			QFN48	Tray
ATSAMD20G17A-MUT				Tape & Reel
ATSAMD20G17A-MN				Tray
ATSAMD20G17A-MNT				Tape & Reel
ATSAMD20G17A-UUT			WLCSP45	Tape & Reel
ATSAMD20G18A-AU	256K	32K	TQFP48	Tray
ATSAMD20G18A-AUT				Tape & Reel
ATSAMD20G18A-AN				Tray
ATSAMD20G18A-ANT				Tape & Reel
ATSAMD20G18A-MU			QFN48	Tray
ATSAMD20G18A-MUT				Tape & Reel
ATSAMD20G18A-MN				Tray
ATSAMD20G18A-MNT				Tape & Reel
ATSAMD20G18A-UUT			WLCSP45	Tape & Reel

3.3. SAM D20J

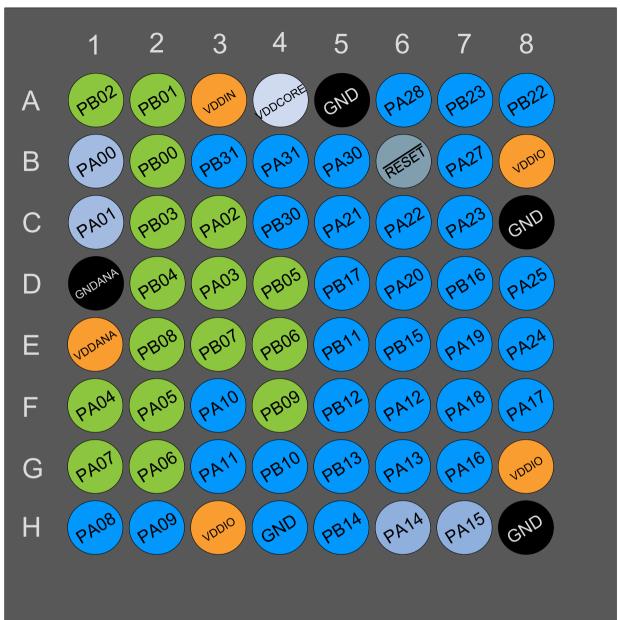
Ordering Code	FLASH (bytes)	SRAM (bytes)	Package	Carrier Type
ATSAMD20J14A-AU	16K	2K	TQFP64	Tray
ATSAMD20J14A-AUT				Tape & Reel
ATSAMD20J14A-AN				Tray
ATSAMD20J14A-ANT				Tape & Reel
ATSAMD20J14A-MU			QFN64	Tray
ATSAMD20J14A-MUT				Tape & Reel
ATSAMD20J14A-MN				Tray
ATSAMD20J14A-MNT				Tape & Reel



Ordering Code	FLASH (bytes)	SRAM (bytes)	Package	Carrier Type
ATSAMD20J15A-AU	32K	4K	TQFP64	Tray
ATSAMD20J15A-AUT				Tape & Reel
ATSAMD20J15A-AN				Tray
ATSAMD20J15A-ANT				Tape & Reel
ATSAMD20J15A-MU			QFN64	Tray
ATSAMD20J15A-MUT				Tape & Reel
ATSAMD20J15A-MN				Tray
ATSAMD20J15A-MNT				Tape & Reel
ATSAMD20J16A-AU	64K	8K	TQFP64	Tray
ATSAMD20J16A-AUT				Tape & Reel
ATSAMD20J16A-AN				Tray
ATSAMD20J16A-ANT			QFN64	Tape & Reel
ATSAMD20J16A-MU		QFN64 Tr		Tray
ATSAMD20J16A-MUT	QF		Tape & Reel	
ATSAMD20J16A-MN				Tray
ATSAMD20J16A-MNT				Та
ATSAMD20J16A-CU			UFBGA64	Tray
ATSAMD20J16A-CUT				Tape & Reel
ATSAMD20J17A-AU	128K	16K	TQFP64	Tray
ATSAMD20J17A-AUT			QFN64 UFBGA64	Tape & Reel
ATSAMD20J17A-AN				Tray
ATSAMD20J17A-ANT				Tape & Reel
ATSAMD20J17A-MU			QFN64	Tray
ATSAMD20J17A-MUT				Tape & Reel
ATSAMD20J17A-MN				Tray
ATSAMD20J17A-MNT				Tape & Reel
ATSAMD20J17A-CU			UFBGA64	Tray
ATSAMD20J17A-CUT				Tape & Reel



5.1.2. UFBGA64

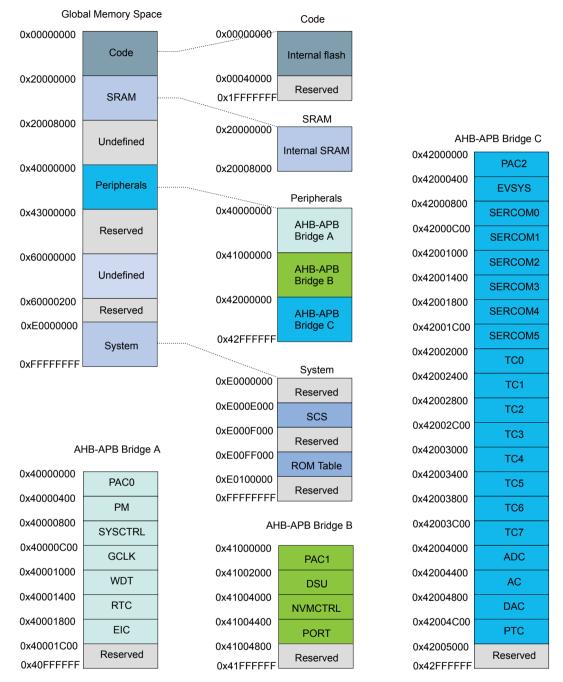


- DIGITAL PIN
- ANALOG PIN
- OSCILLATOR
- GROUND
- INPUT SUPPLY
- REGULATED OUTPUT SUPPLY
- RESET PIN



6. Product Mapping

Figure 6-1. Product Mapping



This figure represents the full configuration of the SAM D20 device with maximum flash and SRAM capabilities and a full set of peripherals. Refer to the Configuration Summary for details.



Peripheral Source	NVIC Line
DAC – Digital-to-Analog Converter	23
PTC – Peripheral Touch Controller	24

7.3. Micro Trace Buffer

7.3.1. Features

- Program flow tracing for the Cortex-M0+ processor
- MTB SRAM can be used for both trace and general purpose storage by the processor
- The position and size of the trace buffer in SRAM is configurable by software
- CoreSight compliant

7.3.2. Overview

When enabled, the MTB records changes in program flow, reported by the Cortex-M0+ processor over the execution trace interface shared between the Cortex-M0+ processor and the CoreSight MTB-M0+. This information is stored as trace packets in the SRAM by the MTB. An off-chip debugger can extract the trace information using the Debug Access Port to read the trace information from the SRAM. The debugger can then reconstruct the program flow from this information.

The MTB simultaneously stores trace information into the SRAM, and gives the processor access to the SRAM. The MTB ensures that trace write accesses have priority over processor accesses.

The execution trace packet consists of a pair of 32-bit words that the MTB generates when it detects the processor PC value changes non-sequentially. A non-sequential PC change can occur during branch instructions or during exception entry. See the CoreSight MTB-M0+ Technical Reference Manual for more details on the MTB execution trace packet format.

Tracing is enabled when the MASTER.EN bit in the Master Trace Control Register is 1. There are various ways to set the bit to 1 to start tracing, or to 0 to stop tracing. See the CoreSight Cortex-M0+ Technical Reference Manual for more details on the Trace start and stop and for a detailed description of the MTB's MASTER register. The MTB can be programmed to stop tracing automatically when the memory fills to a specified watermark level or to start or stop tracing by writing directly to the MASTER.EN bit. If the watermark mechanism is not being used and the trace buffer overflows, then the buffer wraps around overwriting previous trace packets.

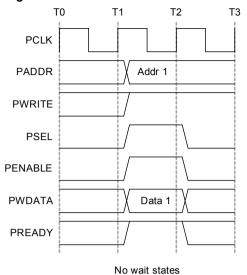
The base address of the MTB registers is 0x41006000; this address is also written in the CoreSight ROM Table. The offset of each register from the base address is fixed and as defined by the CoreSight MTB-M0+ Technical Reference Manual. The MTB has 4 programmable registers to control the behavior of the trace features:

- POSITION: Contains the trace write pointer and the wrap bit,
- MASTER: Contains the main trace enable bit and other trace control fields,
- FLOW: Contains the WATERMARK address and the AUTOSTOP and AUTOHALT control bits.
- BASE: Indicates where the SRAM is located in the processor memory map. This register is provided to enable auto discovery of the MTB SRAM location, by a debug agent.

See the CoreSight MTB-M0+ Technical Reference Manual for a detailed description of these registers.



Figure 7-1. APB Write Access.



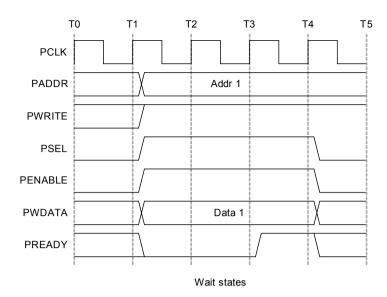
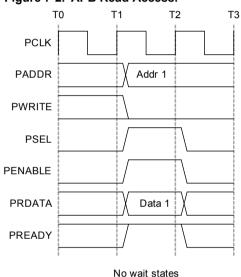
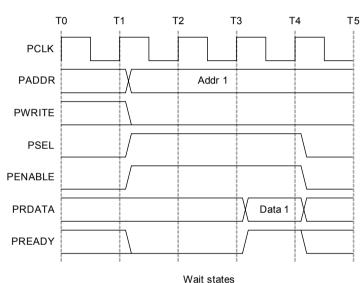


Figure 7-2. APB Read Access.





Related Links

Product Mapping on page 19

7.6. PAC - Peripheral Access Controller

7.6.1. Overview

There is one PAC associated with each AHB-APB bridge. The PAC can provide write protection for registers of each peripheral connected on the same bridge.

The PAC peripheral bus clock (CLK_PACx_APB) can be enabled and disabled in the Power Manager. CLK_PAC0_APB and CLK_PAC1_APB are enabled are reset. CLK_PAC2_APB is disabled at reset. Refer to PM - Power Manager for details. The PAC will continue to operate in any sleep mode where the selected clock source is running. Write-protection does not apply for debugger access. When the debugger makes an access to a peripheral, write-protection is ignored so that the debugger can update the register.



7.7.1.2. Write Protect Set

 Name:
 WPSET

 Offset:
 0x04

 Reset:
 0x000000

Property: -

Bit	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24
Access								
Reset								
Bit	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
Access								
Reset								
Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8
Access								
Reset								
Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	. 1	0
		EIC	RTC	WDT	GCLK	SYSCTRL	PM	
Access		R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	
Reset		0	0	0	0	0	0	

Bit 6 - EIC

Writing a zero to these bits has no effect.

Writing a one to these bits will clear the Write Protect bit for the corresponding peripherals.

Value	Description
0	Write-protection is disabled.
1	Write-protection is enabled.

Bit 5 - RTC

Writing a zero to these bits has no effect.

Writing a one to these bits will clear the Write Protect bit for the corresponding peripherals.

Value	Description
0	Write-protection is disabled.
1	Write-protection is enabled.

Bit 4 - WDT

Writing a zero to these bits has no effect.



7.7.2.2. Write Protect Set

 Name:
 WPSET

 Offset:
 0x04

 Reset:
 0x000002

Property: -

Bit	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24
Access								
Reset								
Bit	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
Access								
Reset								
Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8
Access								
Reset								
Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
		MTB			PORT	NVMCTRL	DSU	
Access		R/W			R/W	R/W	R/W	
Reset		0			0	0	1	

Bit 6 - MTB

Writing a zero to these bits has no effect.

Writing a one to these bits will clear the Write Protect bit for the corresponding peripherals.

Value	Description
0	Write-protection is disabled.
1	Write-protection is enabled.

Bit 3 - PORT

Writing a zero to these bits has no effect.

Writing a one to these bits will clear the Write Protect bit for the corresponding peripherals.

Value	Description
0	Write-protection is disabled.
1	Write-protection is enabled.

Bit 2 - NVMCTRL

Writing a zero to these bits has no effect.



1	Value	Description
	0	Write-protection is disabled.
	1	Write-protection is enabled.

Bit 16 - ADC

Writing a zero to these bits has no effect.

Writing a one to these bits will clear the Write Protect bit for the corresponding peripherals.

Value	Description
0	Write-protection is disabled.
1	Write-protection is enabled.

Bits 15,14,13,12,11,10,9,8 - TCx

Writing a zero to these bits has no effect.

Writing a one to these bits will clear the Write Protect bit for the corresponding peripherals.

Value	Description
0	Write-protection is disabled.
1	Write-protection is enabled.

Bits 7,6,5,4,3,2 - SERCOMx

Writing a zero to these bits has no effect.

Writing a one to these bits will clear the Write Protect bit for the corresponding peripherals.

Value	Description
0	Write-protection is disabled.
1	Write-protection is enabled.

Bit 1 - EVSYS

Writing a zero to these bits has no effect.

1	V alue	Description
()	Write-protection is disabled.
•	1	Write-protection is enabled.



1	Value	Description
	0	Write-protection is disabled.
	1	Write-protection is enabled.

Bit 16 - ADC

Writing a zero to these bits has no effect.

Writing a one to these bits will clear the Write Protect bit for the corresponding peripherals.

Value	Description
0	Write-protection is disabled.
1	Write-protection is enabled.

Bits 15,14,13,12,11,10,9,8 - TCx

Writing a zero to these bits has no effect.

Writing a one to these bits will clear the Write Protect bit for the corresponding peripherals.

Value	Description
0	Write-protection is disabled.
1	Write-protection is enabled.

Bits 7,6,5,4,3,2 - SERCOMx

Writing a zero to these bits has no effect.

Writing a one to these bits will clear the Write Protect bit for the corresponding peripherals.

Value	Description
0	Write-protection is disabled.
1	Write-protection is enabled.

Bit 1 - EVSYS

Writing a zero to these bits has no effect.

1	V alue	Description
()	Write-protection is disabled.
•	1	Write-protection is enabled.



8. Packaging Information

8.1. Thermal Considerations

Related Links

Junction Temperature on page 39

8.1.1. Thermal Resistance Data

The following table summarizes the thermal resistance data depending on the package.

Table 8-1. Thermal Resistance Data

Package Type	θ_{JA}	θ _{JC}
32-pin TQFP	68.0°C/W	25.8°C/W
48-pin TQFP	78.8°C/W	12.3°C/W
64-pin TQFP	66.7°C/W	11.9°C/W
32-pin QFN	37.2°C/W	13.1°C/W
48-pin QFN	33.0°C/W	11.4°C/W
64-pin QFN	33.5°C/W	11.2°C/W
64-ball UFBGA	67.4°C/W	12.4°C/W
45-ball WLCSP	37.0°C/W	0.36°C/W

8.1.2. Junction Temperature

The average chip-junction temperature, T_J, in °C can be obtained from the following:

1.
$$T_J = T_A + (P_D \times \theta_{JA})$$

2.
$$T_J = T_A + (P_D \times (\theta_{HEATSINK} + \theta_{JC}))$$

where:

- θ_{JA} = Package thermal resistance, Junction-to-ambient (°C/W), see Thermal Resistance Data
- θ_{JC} = Package thermal resistance, Junction-to-case thermal resistance (°C/W), see Thermal Resistance Data
- θ_{HEATSINK} = Thermal resistance (°C/W) specification of the external cooling device
- P_D = Device power consumption (W)
- T_A = Ambient temperature (°C)

From the first equation, the user can derive the estimated lifetime of the chip and decide if a cooling device is necessary or not. If a cooling device is to be fitted on the chip, the second equation should be used to compute the resulting average chip-junction temperature T_J in °C.

Related Links

Thermal Considerations on page 39



Table 8-9. Package Characteristics

Moisture Sensitivity Level	MSL3

Table 8-10. Package Reference

JEDEC Drawing Reference	MO-220
JESD97 Classification	E8

8.2.4. 48 pin TQFP

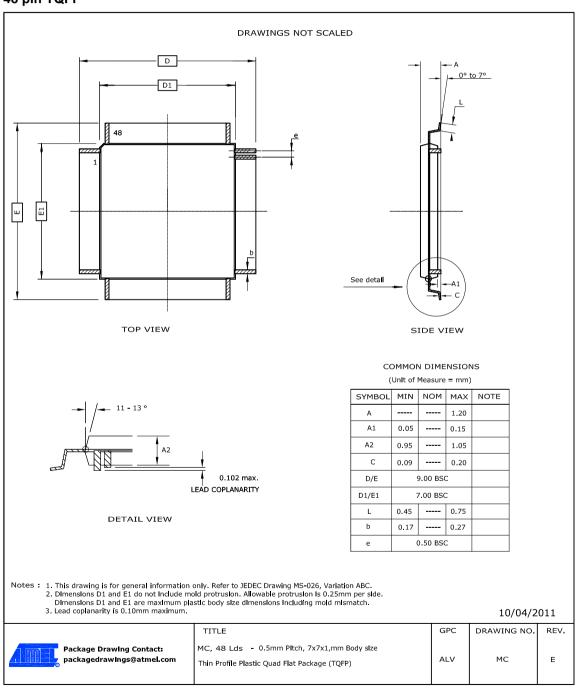




Table 8-16. Package Reference

JEDEC Drawing Reference	MO-220
JESD97 Classification	E3

8.2.6. 45-ball WLCSP

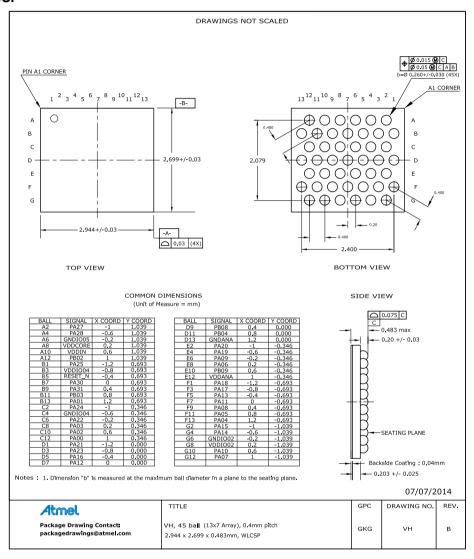


Table 8-17. Device and Package Maximum Weight

7.3	mg
	J 9

Table 8-18. Package Characteristics

Moisture Sensitivity Level	MSL1
----------------------------	------

Table 8-19. Package Reference

JEDEC Drawing Reference	MO-220
JESD97 Classification	E1



8.2.7. 32 pin TQFP

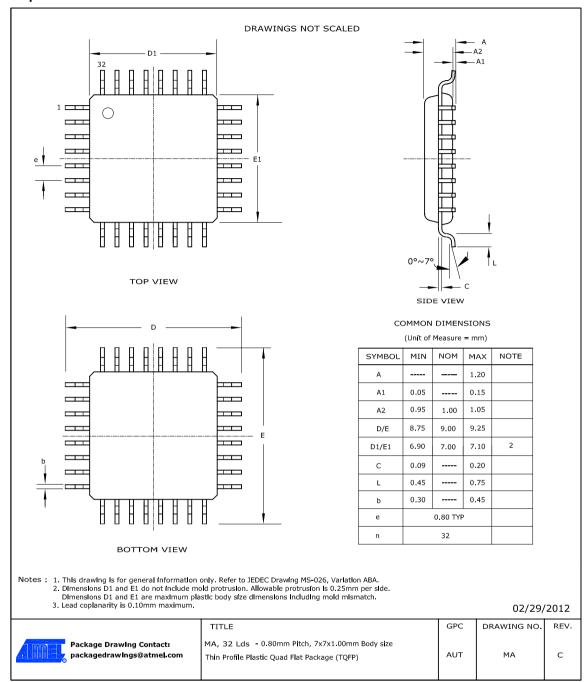


Table 8-20. Device and Package Maximum Weight

100	mg

Table 8-21. Package Charateristics

Moisture Sensitivity Level MSL3	
---------------------------------	--



Table 8-24. Package Characteristics

Moisture Sensitivity Level	MSL3
,	

Table 8-25. Package Reference

JEDEC Drawing Reference	MO-220
JESD97 Classification	E3

8.2.9. 35 ball WLCSP

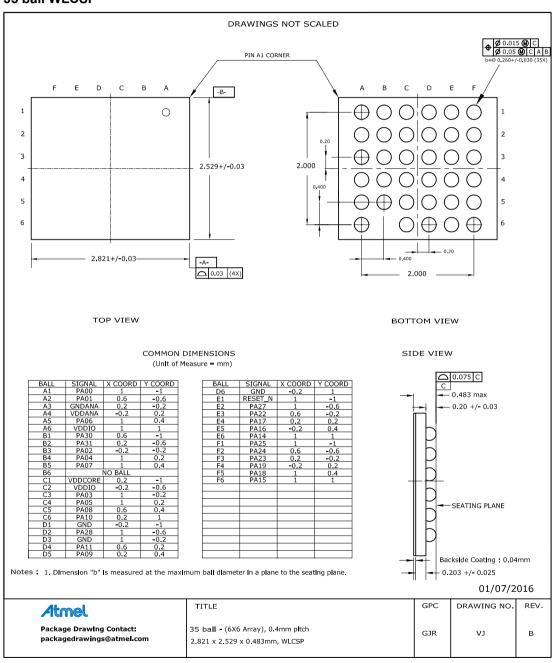


Table 8-26. Device and Package Maximum Weight

6.2	mg
	19

















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