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What is "Embedded - Microcontrollers"?

"Embedded - Microcontrollers" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "Embedded - Microcontrollers"

Details	
Product Status	Active
Core Processor	ARM® Cortex®-M0+
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	48MHz
Connectivity	I²C, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, POR, WDT
Number of I/O	38
Program Memory Size	64KB (64K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	8K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.62V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 14x12b; D/A 1x10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	48-TQFP Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	48-TQFP-EP (7x7)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/atsamd20g16b-aut

  - Up to five 16-bit Timer/Counters (TC), configurable as either:
    - One 16-bit TC with two compare/capture channels
    - One 8-bit TC with two compare/capture channels
    - One 32-bit TC with two compare/capture channels, by using two TCs
  - 32-bit Real Time Counter (RTC) with clock/calendar function
  - Watchdog Timer (WDT)
  - CRC-32 generator
  - Up to six Serial Communication Interfaces (SERCOM), each configurable to operate as either:
    - USART with full-duplex and single-wire half-duplex configuration
    - Inter-Integrated Circuit (I^2C) up to 400kHz
    - Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI)
  - One 12-bit, 350ksps Analog-to-Digital Converter (ADC) with up to 20 channels
    - Differential and single-ended input
    - 1/2x to 16x programmable gain stage
    - Automatic offset and gain error compensation
    - Oversampling and decimation in hardware to support 13-, 14-, 15- or 16-bit resolution
  - 10-bit, 350ksps Digital-to-Analog Converter (DAC)
  - Two Analog Comparators (AC) with window compare function
  - Peripheral Touch Controller (PTC)
    - 256-Channel capacitive touch and proximity sensing
- I/O
  - Up to 52 programmable I/O pins
- Packages
  - 64-pin TQFP, QFN
  - 64-ball UFBGA
  - 48-pin TQFP, QFN
  - 45-ball WLCSP
  - 32-pin TQFP, QFN
- Operating Voltage
  - 1.62V – 3.63V
- Power Consumption
  - Down to 70µA/MHz in active mode
  - Down to 8µA running the Peripheral Touch Controller

Table of Contents

1. Description

The Atmel® | SMART™ SAM D20 is a series of low-power microcontrollers using the 32-bit ARM® Cortex®-M0+ processor, and ranging from 32- to 64-pins with up to 256KB Flash and 32KB of SRAM. The SAM D20 devices operate at a maximum frequency of 48MHz and reach 2.46 CoreMark/MHz. They are designed for simple and intuitive migration with identical peripheral modules, hex compatible code, identical linear address map and pin compatible migration paths between all devices in the product series. All devices include intelligent and flexible peripherals, Atmel Event System for inter-peripheral signaling, and support for capacitive touch button, slider and wheel user interfaces.

The SAM D20 devices provide the following features: In-system programmable Flash, eight-channel Event System, programmable interrupt controller, up to 52 programmable I/O pins, 32-bit real-time clock and calendar, up to eight 16-bit Timer/Counters (TC) . The timer/counters can be configured to perform frequency and waveform generation, accurate program execution timing or input capture with time and frequency measurement of digital signals. The TCs can operate in 8- or 16-bit mode, selected TCs can be cascaded to form a 32-bit TC. The series provide up to six Serial Communication Modules (SERCOM) that each can be configured to act as an USART, UART, SPI, I^2C up to 400kHz, up to twenty-channel 350ksps 12-bit ADC with programmable gain and optional oversampling and decimation supporting up to 16-bit resolution, one 10-bit 350ksps DAC, two analog comparators with window mode, Peripheral Touch Controller supporting up to 256 buttons, sliders, wheels and proximity sensing; programmable Watchdog Timer, brown-out detector and power-on reset and two-pin Serial Wire Debug (SWD) program and debug interface.

All devices have accurate and low-power external and internal oscillators. All oscillators can be used as a source for the system clock. Different clock domains can be independently configured to run at different frequencies, enabling power saving by running each peripheral at its optimal clock frequency, and thus maintaining a high CPU frequency while reducing power consumption.

The SAM D20 devices have two software-selectable sleep modes, idle and standby. In idle mode the CPU is stopped while all other functions can be kept running. In standby all clocks and functions are stopped expect those selected to continue running. The device supports SleepWalking. This feature allows the peripheral to wake up from sleep based on predefined conditions, and thus allows the CPU to wake up only when needed, e.g. when a threshold is crossed or a result is ready. The Event System supports synchronous and asynchronous events, allowing peripherals to receive, react to and send events even in standby mode.

The Flash program memory can be reprogrammed in-system through the SWD interface. The same interface can be used for non-intrusive on-chip debug of application code. A boot loader running in the device can use any communication interface to download and upgrade the application program in the Flash memory.

The SAM D20 devices are supported with a full suite of program and system development tools, including C compilers, macro assemblers, program debugger/simulators, programmers and evaluation kits.

2. Configuration Summary

	SAM D20J	SAM D20G	SAM D20E
Pins	64	48	32
General Purpose I/O-pins (GPIOs)	52	38	26
Flash	256/128/64/32KB	256/128/64/32KB	256/128/64/32KB
SRAM	32/16/8/4/2KB	32/16/8/4/2KB	32/16/8/4/2KB
Timer Counter (TC) instances	8	6	6
Waveform output channels per TC instance	2	2	2
Serial Communication Interface (SERCOM) instances	6	6	4
Analog-to-Digital Converter (ADC) channels	20	14	10
Analog Comparators (AC)	2	2	2
Digital-to-Analog Converter (DAC) channels	1	1	1
Real-Time Counter (RTC)	Yes	Yes	Yes
RTC alarms	1	1	1
RTC compare values	One 32-bit value or two 16-bit values	One 32-bit value or two 16-bit values	One 32-bit value or two 16-bit values
External Interrupt lines	16	16	16
Peripheral Touch Controller (PTC) X and Y lines	16x16	12x10	10x6
Maximum CPU frequency	48MHz		
Packages	QFN TQFP UFBGA	QFN TQFP WLCSP	QFN TQFP
Oscillators	32.768kHz crystal oscillator (XOSC32K) 0.4-32MHz crystal oscillator (XOSC) 32.768kHz internal oscillator (OSC32K) 32KHz ultra-low-power internal oscillator (OSCULP32K) 8MHz high-accuracy internal oscillator (OSC8M) 48MHz Digital Frequency Locked Loop (DFLL48M)		
Event System channels	8	8	8
SW Debug Interface	Yes	Yes	Yes
Watchdog Timer (WDT)	Yes	Yes	Yes

Ordering Code	FLASH (bytes)	SRAM (bytes)	Package	Carrier Type
ATSAMD20E15A-AU	32K	4K	TQFP32	Tray
ATSAMD20E15A-AUT				Tape & Reel
ATSAMD20E15A-AN				Tray
ATSAMD20E15A-ANT				Tape & Reel
ATSAMD20E15A-MU			QFN32	Tray
ATSAMD20E15A-MUT				Tape & Reel
ATSAMD20E15A-MN				Tray
ATSAMD20E15A-MNT				Tape & Reel
ATSAMD20E16A-AU	64K	8K	TQFP32	Tray
ATSAMD20E16A-AUT				Tape & Reel
ATSAMD20E16A-AN				Tray
ATSAMD20E16A-AFT				Tape & Reel
ATSAMD20E16A-MU			QFN32	Tray
ATSAMD20E16A-MUT				Tape & Reel
ATSAMD20E16A-MN				Tray
ATSAMD20E16A-MNT				Tape & Reel
ATSAMD20E17A-AU	128K	16K	TQFP32	Tray
ATSAMD20E17A-AUT				Tape & Reel
ATSAMD20E17A-AN				Tray
ATSAMD20E17A-ANT				Tape & Reel
ATSAMD20E17A-MU			QFN32	Tray
ATSAMD20E17A-MUT				Tape & Reel
ATSAMD20E17A-MN				Tray
ATSAMD20E17A-MNT				Tape & Reel
ATSAMD20E18A-AU	256K	32K	TQFP32	Tray
ATSAMD20E18A-AUT				Tape & Reel
ATSAMD20E18A-AN				Tray
ATSAMD20E18A-AFT				Tape & Reel
ATSAMD20E18A-MU			QFN32	Tray
ATSAMD20E18A-MUT				Tape & Reel
ATSAMD20E18A-MN				Tray
ATSAMD20E18A-MNT				Tape & Reel

Ordering Code	FLASH (bytes)	SRAM (bytes)	Package	Carrier Type
ATSAMD20G17A-AU	128K	16K	TQFP48	Tray
ATSAMD20G17A-AUT				Tape & Reel
ATSAMD20G17A-AN				Tray
ATSAMD20G17A-ANT				Tape & Reel
ATSAMD20G17A-MU			QFN48	Tray
ATSAMD20G17A-MUT				Tape & Reel
ATSAMD20G17A-MN				Tray
ATSAMD20G17A-MNT				Tape & Reel
ATSAMD20G17A-UUT			WLCSP45	Tape & Reel
ATSAMD20G18A-AU	256K	32K	TQFP48	Tray
ATSAMD20G18A-AUT				Tape & Reel
ATSAMD20G18A-AN				Tray
ATSAMD20G18A-ANT				Tape & Reel
ATSAMD20G18A-MU			QFN48	Tray
ATSAMD20G18A-MUT				Tape & Reel
ATSAMD20G18A-MN				Tray
ATSAMD20G18A-MNT				Tape & Reel
ATSAMD20G18A-UUT			WLCSP45	Tape & Reel

3.3. SAM D20J

Ordering Code	FLASH (bytes)	SRAM (bytes)	Package	Carrier Type
ATSAMD20J14A-AU	16K	2K	TQFP64	Tray
ATSAMD20J14A-AUT				Tape & Reel
ATSAMD20J14A-AN				Tray
ATSAMD20J14A-ANT				Tape & Reel
ATSAMD20J14A-MU			QFN64	Tray
ATSAMD20J14A-MUT				Tape & Reel
ATSAMD20J14A-MN				Tray
ATSAMD20J14A-MNT				Tape & Reel

Device Variant	DID.DEVSEL	Device ID (DID)
SAMD20E14A	0x0E	0x1000130E
Reserved	0x0F	
SAMD20G18U	0x10	0x10001310
SAMD20G17U	0x11	0x10001311
Reserved	0x12 - 0xFF	

Note: The device variant (last letter of the ordering number) is independent of the die revision (DSU.DID.REVISION): The device variant denotes functional differences, whereas the die revision marks evolution of the die. The device variant denotes functional differences, whereas the die revision marks evolution of the die.

(INTFLAG) register. The interrupt flag is set when the interrupt condition occurs. Each interrupt in the peripheral can be individually enabled by writing a one to the corresponding bit in the peripheral's Interrupt Enable Set (INTENSET) register, and disabled by writing a one to the corresponding bit in the peripheral's Interrupt Enable Clear (INTENCLR) register. An interrupt request is generated from the peripheral when the interrupt flag is set and the corresponding interrupt is enabled. The interrupt requests for one peripheral are ORed together on system level, generating one interrupt request for each peripheral. An interrupt request will set the corresponding interrupt pending bit in the NVIC interrupt pending registers (SETPEND/CLRPEND bits in ISPR/ICPR). For the NVIC to activate the interrupt, it must be enabled in the NVIC interrupt enable register (SETENA/CLRENA bits in ISER/ICER). The NVIC interrupt priority registers IPR0-IPR7 provide a priority field for each interrupt.

Table 7-3. Interrupt Line Mapping

Peripheral Source	NVIC Line
EIC NMI – External Interrupt Controller	NMI
PM – Power Manager	0
SYSCTRL – System Control	1
WDT – Watchdog Timer	2
RTC – Real Time Counter	3
EIC – External Interrupt Controller	4
NVMCTRL – Non-Volatile Memory Controller	5
EVSYS – Event System	6
SERCOM0 – Serial Communication Interface 0	7
SERCOM1 – Serial Communication Interface 1	8
SERCOM2 – Serial Communication Interface 2	9
SERCOM3 – Serial Communication Interface 3	10
SERCOM4 – Serial Communication Interface 4	11
SERCOM5 – Serial Communication Interface 5	12
TC0 – Timer Counter 0	13
TC1 – Timer Counter 1	14
TC2 – Timer Counter 2	15
TC3 – Timer Counter 3	16
TC4 – Timer Counter 4	17
TC5 – Timer Counter 5	18
TC6 – Timer Counter 6	19
TC7 – Timer Counter 7	20
ADC – Analog-to-Digital Converter	21
AC – Analog Comparator	22

Peripheral Source	NVIC Line
DAC – Digital-to-Analog Converter	23
PTC – Peripheral Touch Controller	24

7.3. Micro Trace Buffer

7.3.1. Features

- Program flow tracing for the Cortex-M0+ processor
- MTB SRAM can be used for both trace and general purpose storage by the processor
- The position and size of the trace buffer in SRAM is configurable by software
- CoreSight compliant

7.3.2. Overview

When enabled, the MTB records changes in program flow, reported by the Cortex-M0+ processor over the execution trace interface shared between the Cortex-M0+ processor and the CoreSight MTB-M0+. This information is stored as trace packets in the SRAM by the MTB. An off-chip debugger can extract the trace information using the Debug Access Port to read the trace information from the SRAM. The debugger can then reconstruct the program flow from this information.

The MTB simultaneously stores trace information into the SRAM, and gives the processor access to the SRAM. The MTB ensures that trace write accesses have priority over processor accesses.

The execution trace packet consists of a pair of 32-bit words that the MTB generates when it detects the processor PC value changes non-sequentially. A non-sequential PC change can occur during branch instructions or during exception entry. See the CoreSight MTB-M0+ Technical Reference Manual for more details on the MTB execution trace packet format.

Tracing is enabled when the MASTER.EN bit in the Master Trace Control Register is 1. There are various ways to set the bit to 1 to start tracing, or to 0 to stop tracing. See the CoreSight Cortex-M0+ Technical Reference Manual for more details on the Trace start and stop and for a detailed description of the MTB's MASTER register. The MTB can be programmed to stop tracing automatically when the memory fills to a specified watermark level or to start or stop tracing by writing directly to the MASTER.EN bit. If the watermark mechanism is not being used and the trace buffer overflows, then the buffer wraps around overwriting previous trace packets.

The base address of the MTB registers is 0x41006000; this address is also written in the CoreSight ROM Table. The offset of each register from the base address is fixed and as defined by the CoreSight MTB-M0+ Technical Reference Manual. The MTB has 4 programmable registers to control the behavior of the trace features:

- POSITION: Contains the trace write pointer and the wrap bit,
- MASTER: Contains the main trace enable bit and other trace control fields,
- FLOW: Contains the WATERMARK address and the AUTOSTOP and AUTOHALT control bits,
- BASE: Indicates where the SRAM is located in the processor memory map. This register is provided to enable auto discovery of the MTB SRAM location, by a debug agent.

See the CoreSight MTB-M0+ Technical Reference Manual for a detailed description of these registers.

7.4. High-Speed Bus System

7.4.1. Features

High-Speed Bus Matrix has the following features:

- Symmetric crossbar bus switch implementation
- Allows concurrent accesses from different masters to different slaves
- 32-bit data bus
- Operation at a one-to-one clock frequency with the bus masters

7.4.2. Configuration

Table 7-4. Bus Matrix Masters

Bus Matrix Masters	Master ID
CM0+ - Cortex M0+ Processor	0
DSU - Device Service Unit	1

Table 7-5. Bus Matrix Slaves

Bus Matrix Slaves	Slave ID
Internal Flash Memory	0
AHB-APB Bridge A	1
AHB-APB Bridge B	2
AHB-APB Bridge C	3

7.5. AHB-APB Bridge

The AHB-APB bridge is an AHB slave, providing an interface between the high-speed AHB domain and the low-power APB domain. It is used to provide access to the programmable control registers of peripherals (see *Product Mapping*).

AHB-APB bridge is based on AMBA APB Protocol Specification V2.0 (ref. as APB4) including:

- Wait state support
- Error reporting
- Transaction protection
- Sparse data transfer (byte, half-word and word)

Additional enhancements:

- Address and data cycles merged into a single cycle
- Sparse data transfer also apply to read access

to operate the AHB-APB bridge, the clock (CLK_HPBx_AHB) must be enabled. See *PM – Power Manager* for details.

Figure 7-1. APB Write Access.

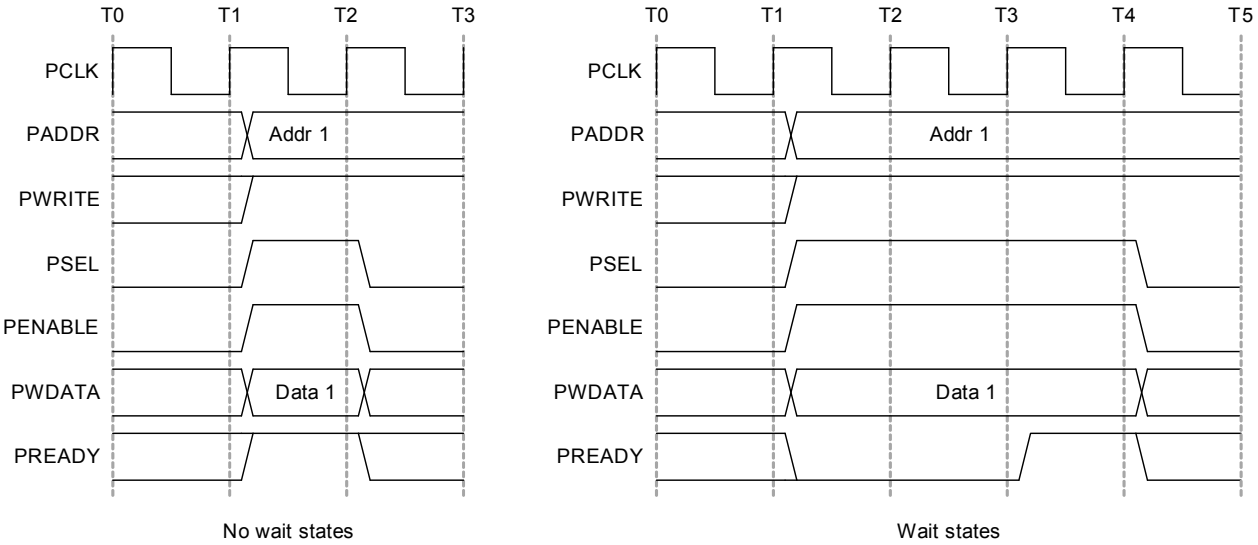
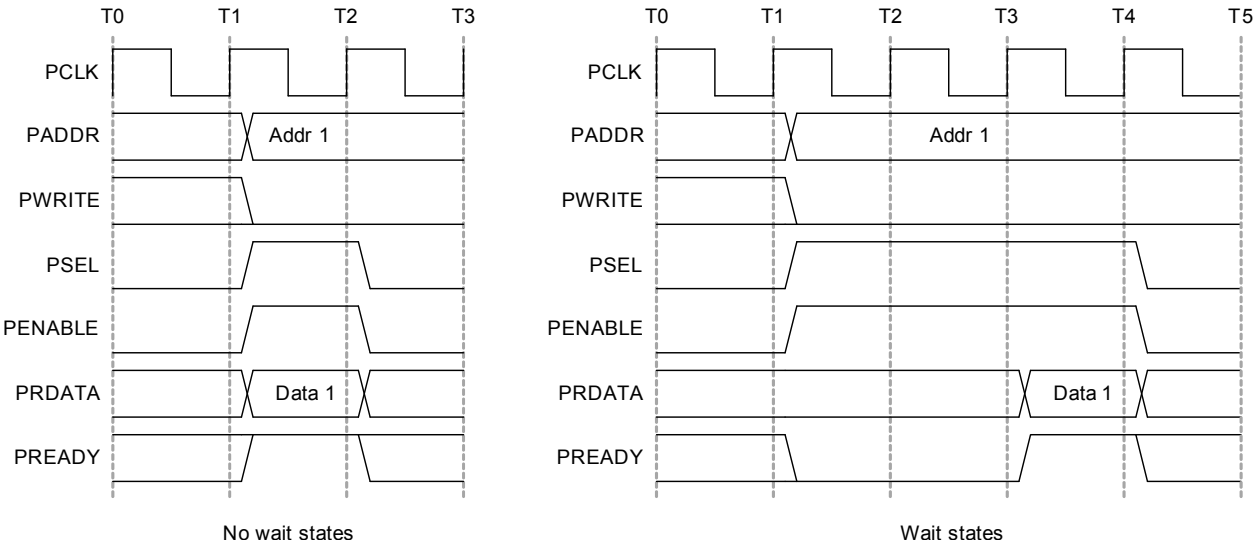


Figure 7-2. APB Read Access.



Related Links

Product Mapping on page 19

7.6. PAC - Peripheral Access Controller

7.6.1. Overview

There is one PAC associated with each AHB-APB bridge. The PAC can provide write protection for registers of each peripheral connected on the same bridge.

The PAC peripheral bus clock (CLK_PACx_APB) can be enabled and disabled in the Power Manager. CLK_PAC0_APB and CLK_PAC1_APB are enabled are reset. CLK_PAC2_APB is disabled at reset. Refer to *PM – Power Manager* for details. The PAC will continue to operate in any sleep mode where the selected clock source is running. Write-protection does not apply for debugger access. When the debugger makes an access to a peripheral, write-protection is ignored so that the debugger can update the register.

Value	Description
0	Write-protection is disabled.
1	Write-protection is enabled.

Bit 1 – DSU
Writing a zero to these bits has no effect.

Writing a one to these bits will clear the Write Protect bit for the corresponding peripherals.

Value	Description
0	Write-protection is disabled.
1	Write-protection is enabled.

Value	Description
0	Write-protection is disabled.
1	Write-protection is enabled.

Bit 1 – DSU
Writing a zero to these bits has no effect.

Writing a one to these bits will clear the Write Protect bit for the corresponding peripherals.

Value	Description
0	Write-protection is disabled.
1	Write-protection is enabled.

7.7.3. PAC2 Register Description

7.7.3.2. Write Protect Set

Name: WPSET
Offset: 0x04
Reset: 0x00800000
Property: –

Bit	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24
Access								
Reset								

Bit	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
					PTC	DAC	AC	ADC
Access					R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W
Reset					0	0	0	0

Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8
	TC7	TC6	TC5	TC4	TC3	TC2	TC1	TC0
Access	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	SERCOM5	SERCOM4	SERCOM3	SERCOM2	SERCOM1	SERCOM0	EVSYS	
Access	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	
Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

Bit 19 – PTC
Writing a zero to these bits has no effect.

Writing a one to these bits will clear the Write Protect bit for the corresponding peripherals.

Value	Description
0	Write-protection is disabled.
1	Write-protection is enabled.

Bit 18 – DAC
Writing a zero to these bits has no effect.

Writing a one to these bits will clear the Write Protect bit for the corresponding peripherals.

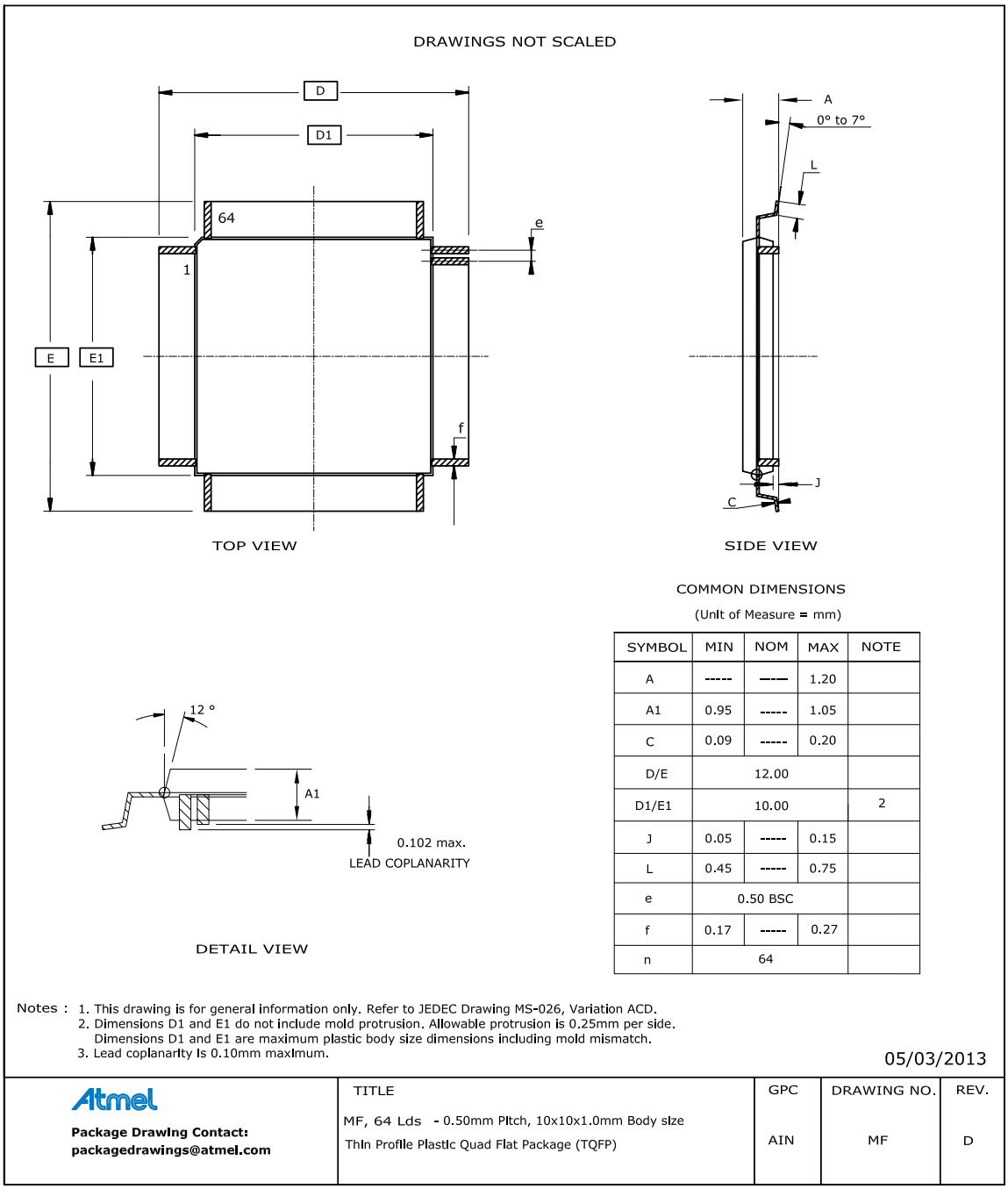
Value	Description
0	Write-protection is disabled.
1	Write-protection is enabled.

Bit 17 – AC
Writing a zero to these bits has no effect.

Writing a one to these bits will clear the Write Protect bit for the corresponding peripherals.

8.2. Package Drawings

8.2.1. 64 pin TQFP



COMMON DIMENSIONS

(Unit of Measure = mm)

SYMBOL	MIN	NOM	MAX	NOTE
A	-----	-----	1.20	
A1	0.95	-----	1.05	
C	0.09	-----	0.20	
D/E		12.00		
D1/E1		10.00		2
J	0.05	-----	0.15	
L	0.45	-----	0.75	
e		0.50 BSC		
f	0.17	-----	0.27	
n		64		

Notes :
1. This drawing is for general information only. Refer to JEDEC Drawing MS-026, Variation ACD.
2. Dimensions D1 and E1 do not include mold protrusion. Allowable protrusion is 0.25mm per side. Dimensions D1 and E1 are maximum plastic body size dimensions including mold mismatch.
3. Lead coplanarity is 0.10mm maximum.

05/03/2013

Atmel Package Drawing Contact: packagedrawings@atmel.com	TITLE MF, 64 Lds - 0.50mm Pitch, 10x10x1.0mm Body size Thin Profile Plastic Quad Flat Package (TQFP)	GPC AIN	DRAWING NO. MF	REV. D

Table 8-2. Device and Package Maximum Weight

300	mg

Table 8-3. Package Characteristics

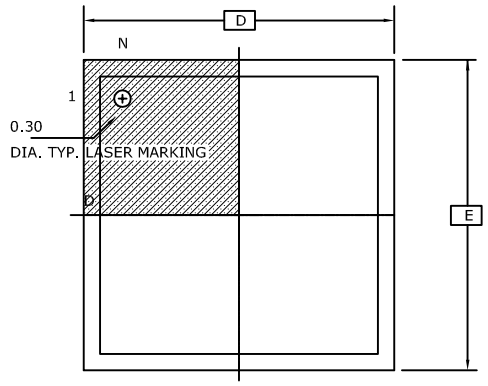
Moisture Sensitivity Level	MSL3

Table 8-4. Package Reference

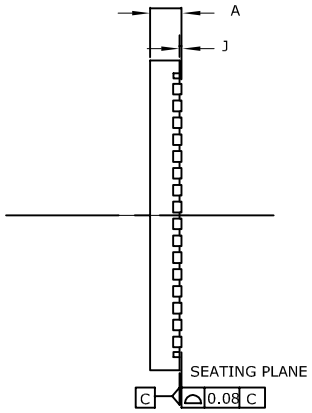
JEDEC Drawing Reference	MS-026
JESD97 Classification	E3

8.2.2. 64 pin QFN

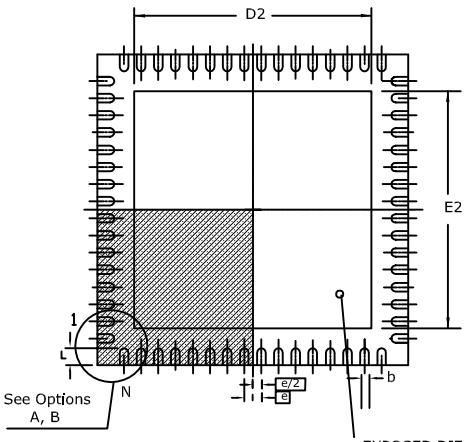
DRAWINGS NOT SCALED



TOP VIEW



SIDE VIEW

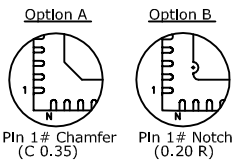


BOTTOM VIEW

COMMON DIMENSIONS

(Unit of Measure = mm)

SYMBOL	MIN	NOM	MAX	NOTE
A	0.80	-----	1.00	
D/E		9.00 BSC		
D2/E2	4.60	4.70	4.80	
J	0.00	-----	0.05	
b	0.15	0.20	0.25	
e		0.50 BSC		
L	0.30	0.40	0.55	
N		64		



Notes : 1. This drawing is for general information only. Refer to JEDEC Drawing MO-220, Variation VMMD-4, for proper dimensions, tolerances, datums, etc.
2. Dimension b applies to metallized terminal and is measured between 0.15mm and 0.30mm from the terminal tip.
If the terminal has the optical radius on the other end of the terminal, the dimension should not be measured in that radius area.

05/27/2011

	TITLE	GPC	DRAWING NO.	REV.
Package Drawing Contact: packagedrawings@atmel.com	PA, 64 Leads , 0.50 mm pitch, 9 x 9 x 1 mm Very Thin Quad Flat No Lead Package (VQFN) Sawn	ZST	PA	A

Note: The exposed die attach pad is not connected electrically inside the device.

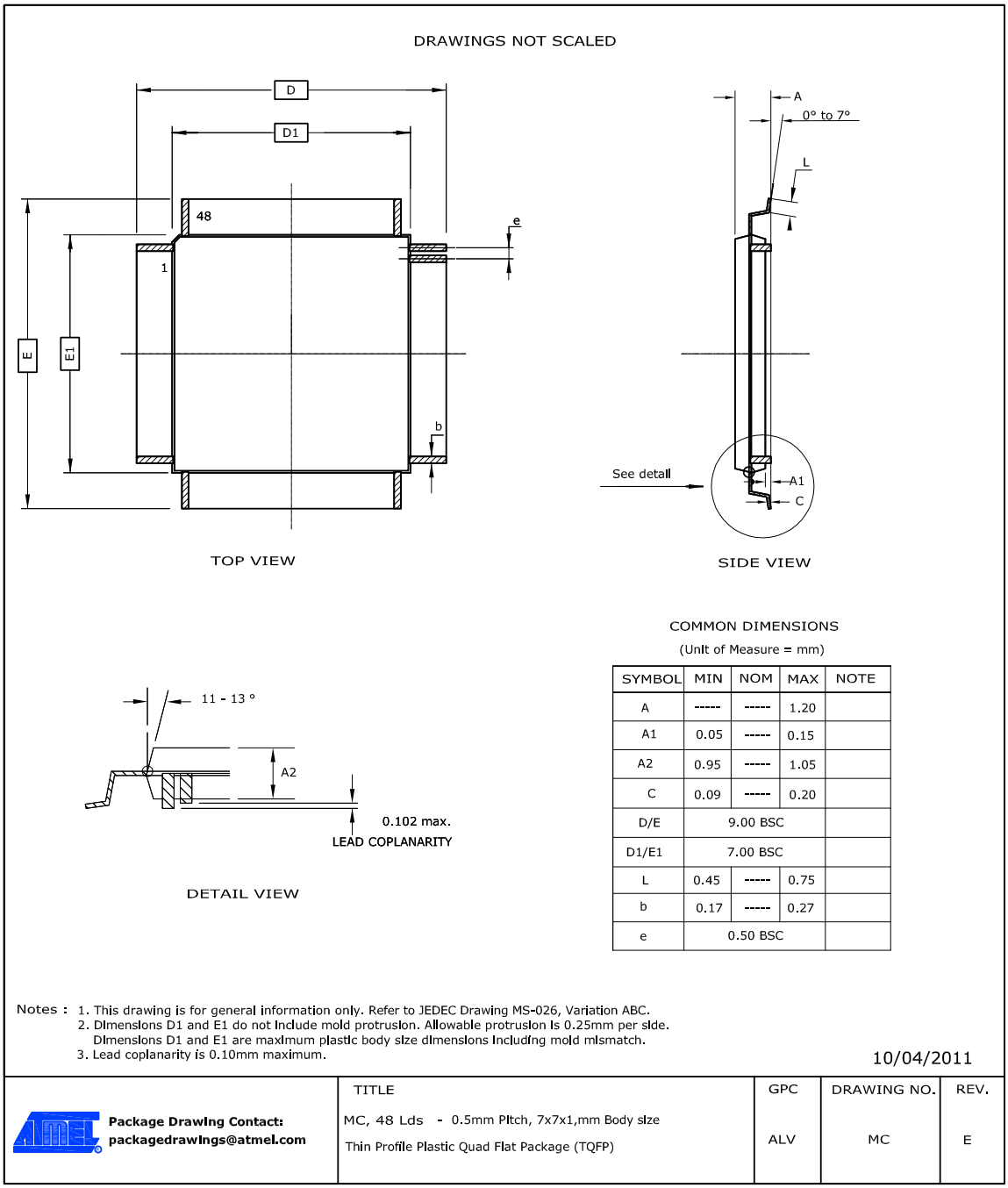
Table 8-9. Package Characteristics

Moisture Sensitivity Level	MSL3

Table 8-10. Package Reference

JEDEC Drawing Reference	MO-220
JESD97 Classification	E8

8.2.4. 48 pin TQFP



COMMON DIMENSIONS

(Unit of Measure = mm)

SYMBOL	MIN	NOM	MAX	NOTE
A	-----	-----	1.20	
A1	0.05	-----	0.15	
A2	0.95	-----	1.05	
C	0.09	-----	0.20	
D/E		9.00 BSC		
D1/E1		7.00 BSC		
L	0.45	-----	0.75	
b	0.17	-----	0.27	
e		0.50 BSC		

Notes : 1. This drawing is for general information only. Refer to JEDEC Drawing MS-026, Variation ABC.
2. Dimensions D1 and E1 do not include mold protrusion. Allowable protrusion is 0.25mm per side. Dimensions D1 and E1 are maximum plastic body size dimensions including mold mismatch.
3. Lead coplanarity is 0.10mm maximum.

10/04/2011

	TITLE	GPC	DRAWING NO.	REV.
Package Drawing Contact: packagedrawings@atmel.com	MC, 48 Lds - 0.5mm Pitch, 7x7x1,mm Body size Thin Profile Plastic Quad Flat Package (TQFP)	ALV	MC	E

Table 8-11. Device and Package Maximum Weight

140	mg

Table 8-12. Package Characteristics

Moisture Sensitivity Level	MSL3

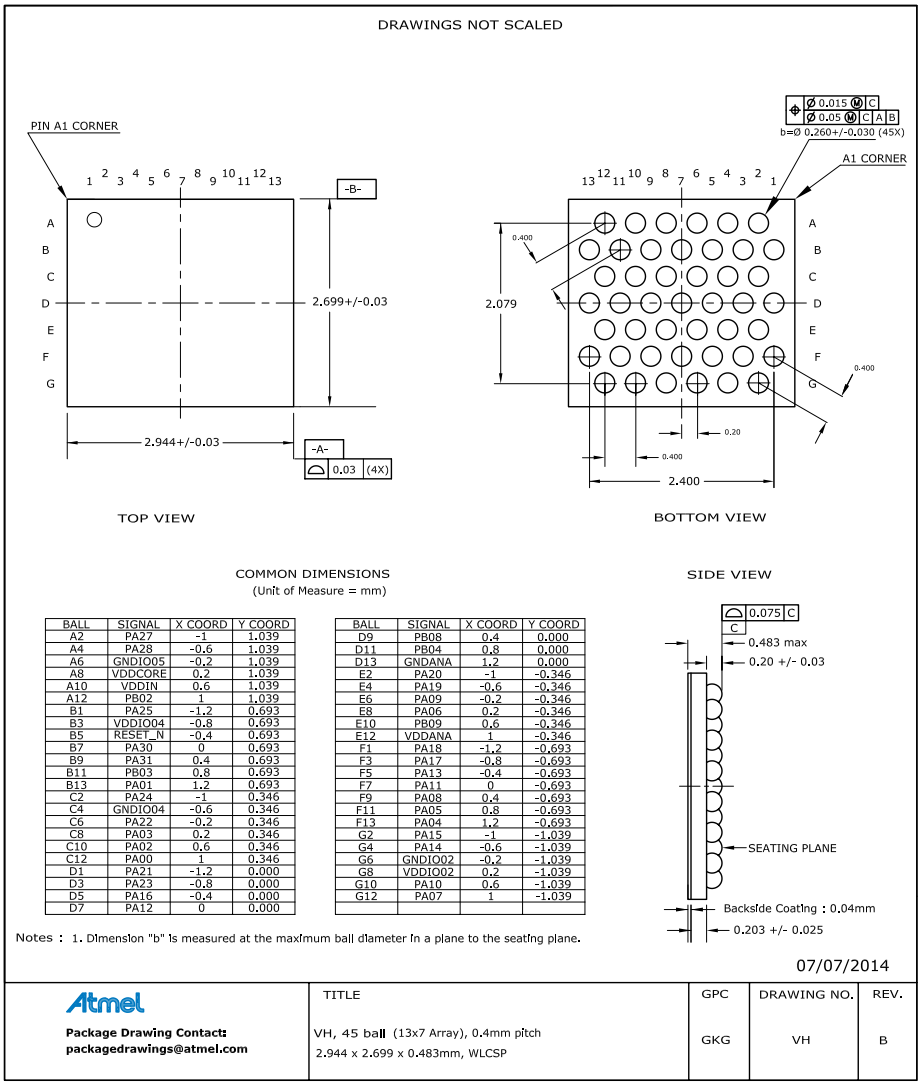
Table 8-13. Package Reference

JEDEC Drawing Reference	MS-026
JESD97 Classification	E3

Table 8-16. Package Reference

JEDEC Drawing Reference	MO-220
JESD97 Classification	E3

8.2.6. 45-ball WLCSP



BALL	SIGNAL	X COORD	Y COORD
A2	PA27	-1	1.039
A4	PA28	-0.6	1.039
A6	GNDIO05	-0.2	1.039
A8	VDDCORE	0.2	1.039
A10	VDDIN	0.6	1.039
A12	PB02	1	1.039
B1	PA25	-1.2	0.693
B3	VDDIO04	-0.8	0.693
B5	RESET_N	-0.4	0.693
B7	PA30	0	0.693
B9	PA31	0.4	0.693
B11	PB03	0.8	0.693
B13	PA01	1.2	0.693
C2	PA24	-1	0.346
C4	GNDIO04	-0.6	0.346
C6	PA22	-0.2	0.346
C8	PA03	0.2	0.346
C10	PA02	0.6	0.346
C12	PA00	1	0.346
D1	PA21	-1.2	0.000
D3	PA23	-0.8	0.000
D5	PA16	-0.4	0.000
D7	PA12	0	0.000

BALL	SIGNAL	X COORD	Y COORD
D9	PB08	0.4	0.000
D11	PB04	0.8	0.000
D13	GNDANA	1.2	0.000
E2	PA20	-1	-0.346
E4	PA19	-0.6	-0.346
E6	PA09	-0.2	-0.346
E8	PA06	0.2	-0.346
E10	PB09	0.6	-0.346
E12	VDDANA	1	-0.346
F1	PA18	-1.2	-0.693
F3	PA17	-0.8	-0.693
F5	PA13	-0.4	-0.693
F7	PA11	0	-0.693
F9	PA08	0.4	-0.693
F11	PA05	0.8	-0.693
F13	PA04	1.2	-0.693
G2	PA15	-1	-1.039
G4	PA14	-0.6	-1.039
G6	GNDIO02	-0.2	-1.039
G8	VDDIO02	0.2	-1.039
G10	PA10	0.6	-1.039
G12	PA07	1	-1.039

Table 8-17. Device and Package Maximum Weight

7.3	mg

Table 8-18. Package Characteristics

Moisture Sensitivity Level	MSL1

Table 8-19. Package Reference

JEDEC Drawing Reference	MO-220
JESD97 Classification	E1

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