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"Embedded - Microcontrollers" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "<u>Embedded -</u> <u>Microcontrollers</u>"

Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	ARM® Cortex®-M0+
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	48MHz
Connectivity	I ² C, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, POR, WDT
Number of I/O	52
Program Memory Size	64KB (64K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	
RAM Size	8K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.62V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 20x12b; D/A 1x10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	64-TQFP
Supplier Device Package	64-TQFP (10x10)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/atsamd20j16a-au

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Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong

Table of Contents

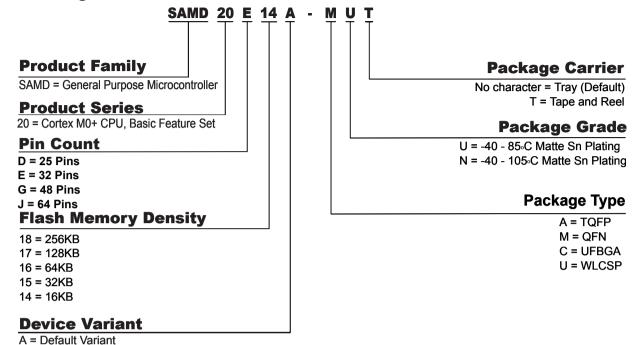
Intr	oduct	ion	.1
Fea	atures		1
1.	Desc	ription	.4
2.	Confi	guration Summary	5
3.	3.1. 3.2. 3.3.	ring Information SAM D20E SAM D20G SAM D20J Device Identification	6 . 8 . 9
4.	Block	Diagram1	3
5.		۱t	14 16
6.	Produ	uct Mapping1	9
7.	7.1. 7.2. 7.3. 7.4.	essor And Architecture 2 Cortex M0+ Processor 2 Nested Vector Interrupt Controller 2 Micro Trace Buffer 2 High-Speed Bus System 2 AHB-APB Bridge 2 PAC - Peripheral Access Controller 2 Register Description 2	20 21 23 24 24 25
8.	Packa 8.1. 8.2. 8.3.	aging Information	39 40

2. Configuration Summary

	SAM D20J	SAM D20G	SAM D20E
Pins	64	48	32
General Purpose I/O-pins (GPIOs)	52	38	26
Flash	256/128/64/32KB	256/128/64/32KB	256/128/64/32KB
SRAM	32/16/8/4/2KB	32/16/8/4/2KB	32/16/8/4/2KB
Timer Counter (TC) instances	8	6	6
Waveform output channels per TC instance	2	2	2
Serial Communication Interface (SERCOM) instances	6	6	4
Analog-to-Digital Converter (ADC) channels	20	14	10
Analog Comparators (AC)	2	2	2
Digital-to-Analog Converter (DAC) channels	1	1	1
Real-Time Counter (RTC)	Yes	Yes	Yes
RTC alarms	1	1	1
RTC compare values	One 32-bit value or	One 32-bit value or	One 32-bit value or
	two 16-bit values	two 16-bit values	two 16-bit values
External Interrupt lines	16	16	16
Peripheral Touch Controller (PTC) X and Y lines	16x16	12x10	10x6
Maximum CPU frequency	48MHz		
Packages	QFN	QFN	QFN
	TQFP	TQFP	TQFP
	UFBGA	WLCSP	
Oscillators	32.768kHz crystal o	scillator (XOSC32K)	
	0.4-32MHz crystal o	scillator (XOSC)	
	32.768kHz internal	oscillator (OSC32K)	
	32KHz ultra-low-pow	wer internal oscillator	(OSCULP32K)
	8MHz high-accuracy	y internal oscillator (C	DSC8M)
	48MHz Digital Frequ	uency Locked Loop (DFLL48M)
Event System channels	8	8	8
SW Debug Interface	Yes	Yes	Yes
Watchdog Timer (WDT)	Yes	Yes	Yes



3. Ordering Information



3.1. SAM D20E

Ordering Code	FLASH (bytes)	SRAM (bytes)	Package	Carrier Type
ATSAMD20E14A-AU	16K	2К	TQFP32	Tray
ATSAMD20E14A-AUT	-			Tape & Reel
ATSAMD20E14A-AN	-			Tray
ATSAMD20E14A-ANT	-			Tape & Reel
ATSAMD20E14A-MU	-		QFN32	Tray
ATSAMD20E14A-MUT	-			Tape & Reel
ATSAMD20E14A-MN				Tray
ATSAMD20E14A-MNT				Tape & Reel



3.2. SAM D20G

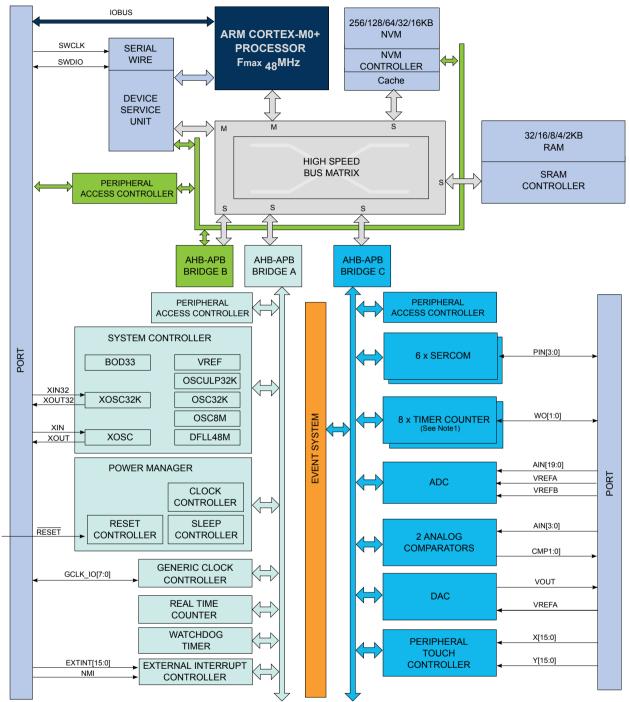
Ordering Code	FLASH (bytes)	SRAM (bytes)	Package	Carrier Type
ATSAMD20G14A-AU	16K	2K	TQFP32	Tray
ATSAMD20G14A-AUT				Tape & Reel
ATSAMD20G14A-AN				Tray
ATSAMD20G14A-ANT				Tape & Reel
ATSAMD20G14A-MU			QFN32	Tray
ATSAMD20G14A-MUT				Tape & Reel
ATSAMD20G14A-MN				Tray
ATSAMD20G14A-MNT				Tape & Reel
ATSAMD20G15A-AU	32K	4K	TQFP48	Tray
ATSAMD20G15A-AUT				Tape & Reel
ATSAMD20G15A-AN				Tray
ATSAMD20G15A-ANT				Tape & Reel
ATSAMD20G15A-MU			QFN48	Tray
ATSAMD20G15A-MUT				Tape & Reel
ATSAMD20G15A-MN				Tray
ATSAMD20G15A-MNT				Tape & Reel
ATSAMD20G16A-AU	64K	8K	TQFP48	Tray
ATSAMD20G16A-AUT				Tape & Reel
ATSAMD20G16A-AN				Tray
ATSAMD20G16A-ANT				Tape & Reel
ATSAMD20G16A-MU			QFN48	Tray
ATSAMD20G16A-MUT				Tape & Reel
ATSAMD20G16A-MN				Tray
ATSAMD20G16A-MNT				Tape & Reel



Ordering Code	FLASH (bytes)	SRAM (bytes)	Package	Carrier Type
ATSAMD20J15A-AU	32K	4K	TQFP64	Tray
ATSAMD20J15A-AUT	-			Tape & Reel
ATSAMD20J15A-AN	-			Tray
ATSAMD20J15A-ANT	-			Tape & Reel
ATSAMD20J15A-MU	-		QFN64	Tray
ATSAMD20J15A-MUT				Tape & Reel
ATSAMD20J15A-MN	-			Tray
ATSAMD20J15A-MNT	-			Tape & Reel
ATSAMD20J16A-AU	64K	8K	TQFP64	Tray
ATSAMD20J16A-AUT	-			Tape & Reel
ATSAMD20J16A-AN	-			Tray
ATSAMD20J16A-ANT	-			Tape & Reel
ATSAMD20J16A-MU	-		QFN64	Tray
ATSAMD20J16A-MUT	-			Tape & Reel
ATSAMD20J16A-MN	-			Tray
ATSAMD20J16A-MNT	-			Tape & Reel
ATSAMD20J16A-CU	-		UFBGA64	Tray
ATSAMD20J16A-CUT	-			Tape & Reel
ATSAMD20J17A-AU	128K	16K	TQFP64	Tray
ATSAMD20J17A-AUT	-			Tape & Reel
ATSAMD20J17A-AN	-			Tray
ATSAMD20J17A-ANT	-			Tape & Reel
ATSAMD20J17A-MU	-		QFN64	Tray
ATSAMD20J17A-MUT				Tape & Reel
ATSAMD20J17A-MN				Tray
ATSAMD20J17A-MNT				Tape & Reel
ATSAMD20J17A-CU			UFBGA64	Tray
ATSAMD20J17A-CUT				Tape & Reel



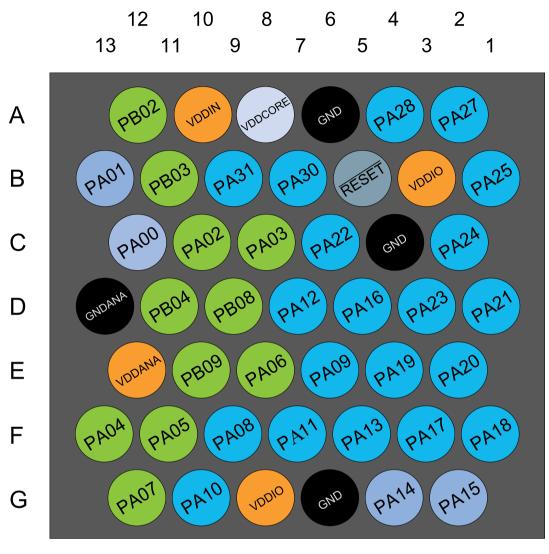
4. Block Diagram



Note: 1. Some products have different number of SERCOM instances, Timer/Counter instances, PTC signals and ADC signals. Refer to *Peripherals Configuration Summary* for details.



5.2.2. WLCSP45



- DIGITAL PIN
- ANALOG PIN
- OSCILLATOR
- GROUND
- INPUT SUPPLY
- REGULATED OUTPUT SUPPLY
- RESET PIN



Atmel SAM D20E / SAM D20G / SAM D20J Summary [DATASHEET] 17 Atmel-42129P-SAM D20_Datasheet_Summary-09/2016

Peripheral Source	NVIC Line
DAC – Digital-to-Analog Converter	23
PTC – Peripheral Touch Controller	24

7.3. Micro Trace Buffer

7.3.1. Features

- Program flow tracing for the Cortex-M0+ processor
- MTB SRAM can be used for both trace and general purpose storage by the processor
- The position and size of the trace buffer in SRAM is configurable by software
- CoreSight compliant

7.3.2. Overview

When enabled, the MTB records changes in program flow, reported by the Cortex-M0+ processor over the execution trace interface shared between the Cortex-M0+ processor and the CoreSight MTB-M0+. This information is stored as trace packets in the SRAM by the MTB. An off-chip debugger can extract the trace information using the Debug Access Port to read the trace information from the SRAM. The debugger can then reconstruct the program flow from this information.

The MTB simultaneously stores trace information into the SRAM, and gives the processor access to the SRAM. The MTB ensures that trace write accesses have priority over processor accesses.

The execution trace packet consists of a pair of 32-bit words that the MTB generates when it detects the processor PC value changes non-sequentially. A non-sequential PC change can occur during branch instructions or during exception entry. See the CoreSight MTB-M0+ Technical Reference Manual for more details on the MTB execution trace packet format.

Tracing is enabled when the MASTER.EN bit in the Master Trace Control Register is 1. There are various ways to set the bit to 1 to start tracing, or to 0 to stop tracing. See the CoreSight Cortex-M0+ Technical Reference Manual for more details on the Trace start and stop and for a detailed description of the MTB's MASTER register. The MTB can be programmed to stop tracing automatically when the memory fills to a specified watermark level or to start or stop tracing by writing directly to the MASTER.EN bit. If the watermark mechanism is not being used and the trace buffer overflows, then the buffer wraps around overwriting previous trace packets.

The base address of the MTB registers is 0x41006000; this address is also written in the CoreSight ROM Table. The offset of each register from the base address is fixed and as defined by the CoreSight MTB-M0+ Technical Reference Manual. The MTB has 4 programmable registers to control the behavior of the trace features:

- · POSITION: Contains the trace write pointer and the wrap bit,
- MASTER: Contains the main trace enable bit and other trace control fields,
- FLOW: Contains the WATERMARK address and the AUTOSTOP and AUTOHALT control bits,
- BASE: Indicates where the SRAM is located in the processor memory map. This register is provided to enable auto discovery of the MTB SRAM location, by a debug agent.

See the CoreSight MTB-M0+ Technical Reference Manual for a detailed description of these registers.



Name: WPCLR Offset: 0x00 **Reset:** 0x000000 Property: -Bit 31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 Access Reset Bit 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 Access Reset 15 9 8 Bit 14 13 12 11 10 Access Reset Bit 6 5 3 2 0 7 4 1 EIC RTC WDT GCLK SYSCTRL PM Access R/W R/W R/W R/W R/W R/W 0 0 0 0 0 0 Reset

Bit 6 – EIC

Writing a zero to these bits has no effect.

Writing a one to these bits will clear the Write Protect bit for the corresponding peripherals.

Value	Description
0	Write-protection is disabled.
1	Write-protection is enabled.

Bit 5 – RTC

Writing a zero to these bits has no effect.

Writing a one to these bits will clear the Write Protect bit for the corresponding peripherals.

Value	Description
0	Write-protection is disabled.
1	Write-protection is enabled.

Bit 4 – WDT

Writing a zero to these bits has no effect.



Name: WPSET Offset: 0x04 **Reset:** 0x000000 Property: -Bit 31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 Access Reset Bit 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 Access Reset 15 9 8 Bit 14 13 12 11 10 Access Reset Bit 6 5 3 2 0 7 4 1 EIC RTC WDT GCLK SYSCTRL PM Access R/W R/W R/W R/W R/W R/W 0 0 0 0 0 0 Reset

Bit 6 – EIC

Writing a zero to these bits has no effect.

Writing a one to these bits will clear the Write Protect bit for the corresponding peripherals.

Value	Description
0	Write-protection is disabled.
1	Write-protection is enabled.

Bit 5 – RTC

Writing a zero to these bits has no effect.

Writing a one to these bits will clear the Write Protect bit for the corresponding peripherals.

Value	Description
0	Write-protection is disabled.
1	Write-protection is enabled.

Bit 4 – WDT

Writing a zero to these bits has no effect.



Value	Description
0	Write-protection is disabled.
1	Write-protection is enabled.

Bit 3 – GCLK

Writing a zero to these bits has no effect.

Writing a one to these bits will clear the Write Protect bit for the corresponding peripherals.

	Value	Description
(0	Write-protection is disabled.
	1	Write-protection is enabled.

Bit 2 – SYSCTRL

Writing a zero to these bits has no effect.

Writing a one to these bits will clear the Write Protect bit for the corresponding peripherals.

Value	Description
0	Write-protection is disabled.
1	Write-protection is enabled.

Bit 1 – PM

Writing a zero to these bits has no effect.

Writing a one to these bits will clear the Write Protect bit for the corresponding peripherals.

Value	Description
0	Write-protection is disabled.
1	Write-protection is enabled.

7.7.2. PAC1 Register Description



Value	Description
0	Write-protection is disabled.
1	Write-protection is enabled.

Bit 1 – DSU

Writing a zero to these bits has no effect.

Value	Description
0	Write-protection is disabled.
1	Write-protection is enabled.



Value	Description
0	Write-protection is disabled.
1	Write-protection is enabled.

Bit 1 – DSU

Writing a zero to these bits has no effect.

Writing a one to these bits will clear the Write Protect bit for the corresponding peripherals.

Value	Description
0	Write-protection is disabled.
1	Write-protection is enabled.

7.7.3. PAC2 Register Description



Value	Description
0	Write-protection is disabled.
1	Write-protection is enabled.

Bit 16 – ADC

Writing a zero to these bits has no effect.

Writing a one to these bits will clear the Write Protect bit for the corresponding peripherals.

Value	Description
0	Write-protection is disabled.
1	Write-protection is enabled.

Bits 15,14,13,12,11,10,9,8 - TCx

Writing a zero to these bits has no effect.

Writing a one to these bits will clear the Write Protect bit for the corresponding peripherals.

Value	Description
0	Write-protection is disabled.
1	Write-protection is enabled.

Bits 7,6,5,4,3,2 – SERCOMx

Writing a zero to these bits has no effect.

Writing a one to these bits will clear the Write Protect bit for the corresponding peripherals.

Value	Description
0	Write-protection is disabled.
1	Write-protection is enabled.

Bit 1 – EVSYS

Writing a zero to these bits has no effect.

Value	Description
0	Write-protection is disabled.
1	Write-protection is enabled.



8. Packaging Information

8.1. Thermal Considerations Related Links

Junction Temperature on page 39

8.1.1. Thermal Resistance Data

The following table summarizes the thermal resistance data depending on the package.

Package Type	θ _{JA}	θ _{JC}
32-pin TQFP	68.0°C/W	25.8°C/W
48-pin TQFP	78.8°C/W	12.3°C/W
64-pin TQFP	66.7°C/W	11.9°C/W
32-pin QFN	37.2°C/W	13.1°C/W
48-pin QFN	33.0°C/W	11.4°C/W
64-pin QFN	33.5°C/W	11.2°C/W
64-ball UFBGA	67.4°C/W	12.4°C/W
45-ball WLCSP	37.0°C/W	0.36°C/W

Table 8-1. Thermal Resistance Data

8.1.2. Junction Temperature

The average chip-junction temperature, T_J, in °C can be obtained from the following:

- 1. $T_J = T_A + (P_D \times \theta_{JA})$
- 2. $T_J = T_A + (P_D \times (\theta_{HEATSINK} + \theta_{JC}))$

where:

- θ_{JA} = Package thermal resistance, Junction-to-ambient (°C/W), see Thermal Resistance Data
- θ_{JC} = Package thermal resistance, Junction-to-case thermal resistance (°C/W), see Thermal Resistance Data
- θ_{HEATSINK} = Thermal resistance (°C/W) specification of the external cooling device
- P_D = Device power consumption (W)
- T_A = Ambient temperature (°C)

From the first equation, the user can derive the estimated lifetime of the chip and decide if a cooling device is necessary or not. If a cooling device is to be fitted on the chip, the second equation should be used to compute the resulting average chip-junction temperature T_J in °C.

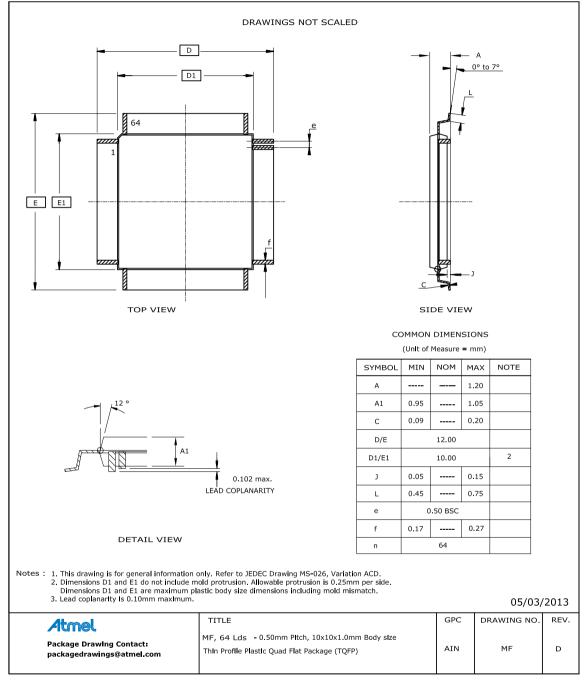
Related Links

Thermal Considerations on page 39

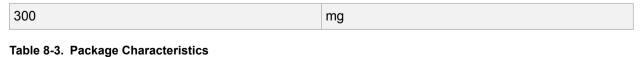


8.2. Package Drawings

8.2.1. 64 pin TQFP

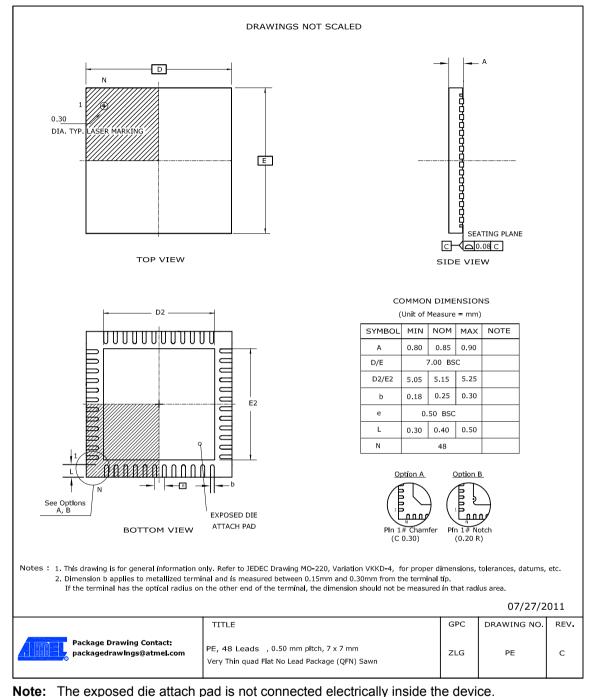






Moisture Sensitivity Level	MSL3	
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Table 8-14. Device and Package Maximum Weight

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Table 8-15. Package Characteristics

Moisture Sensitivity Level	MSL3



Table 8-24. Package Characteristics

Moisture Sensitivity Level	MSL3
Table 8-25. Package Reference	
JEDEC Drawing Reference	MO-220
JESD97 Classification	E3

8.2.9. 35 ball WLCSP

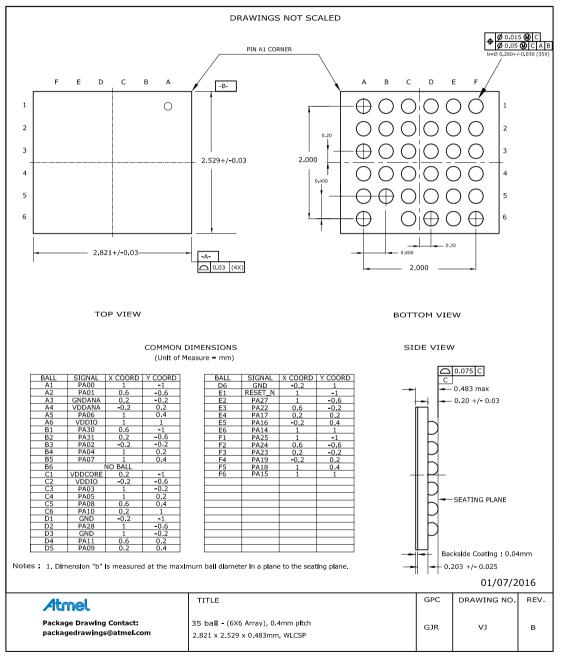


Table 8-26. Device and Package Maximum Weight

6.2



mg

Table 8-27. Package Characteristics

Moisture Sensitivity Level	MSL1
Table 8-28. Package Reference	
JEDEC Drawing Reference	MO-220
JESD97 Classification	E1

8.3. Soldering Profile

The following table gives the recommended soldering profile from J-STD-20.

Table 8-29.

Profile Feature	Green Package
Average Ramp-up Rate (217°C to peak)	3°C/s max.
Preheat Temperature 175°C ±25°C	150-200°C
Time Maintained Above 217°C	60-150s
Time within 5°C of Actual Peak Temperature	30s
Peak Temperature Range	260°C
Ramp-down Rate	6°C/s max.
Time 25°C to Peak Temperature	8 minutes max.

A maximum of three reflow passes is allowed per component.





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